



1. Three cans of soda and two bags of chips cost \$5.35. Two cans of soda and four bags of chips cost \$6.90. What is the cost of the chips?

$$\begin{aligned} 2(3p + 2c = 5.35) \\ -3(2p + 4c = 6.90) \\ \hline 6p + 4c = 10.70 \\ -6p - 12c = -20.70 \\ \hline -8c = 10 \\ c = 1.25 \end{aligned}$$

4. Solve $5^x = 20$

$$\log_5 20 = x$$

$$1.86 = x$$

2. Put in graphing form.

$$x^2 + 4x + y^2 - 8y - 12 = 0$$

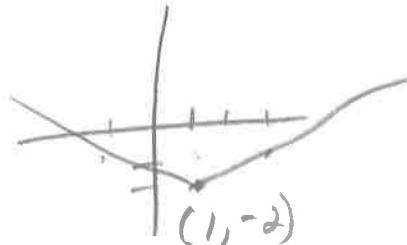
$$x^2 + 4x + 4 + y^2 - 8y + 16 = 20$$

$$(x+2)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 32$$

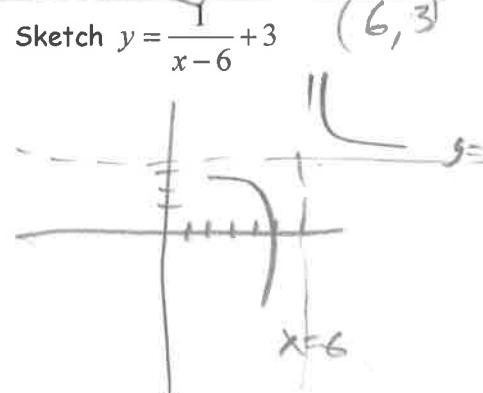
3. Write an equation of an exponential function that passes through the points (1, 16) and (3, 10.24).

$$\begin{aligned} y &= a \cdot b^x \\ 16 &= a \cdot b^1 \\ \frac{16}{b} &= a \\ 16 &= a \cdot b^3 \\ \frac{16}{b^2} &= a \\ 10.24 &= 16b^2 \\ 0.64 &= b^2 \\ 0.8 &= b \\ y &= 16(0.8)^x \end{aligned}$$

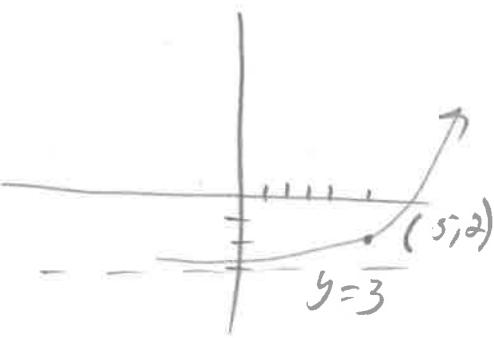
5. Sketch $y = \frac{2}{3}|x-1| - 2$



6. Sketch $y = \frac{1}{x-6} + 3$



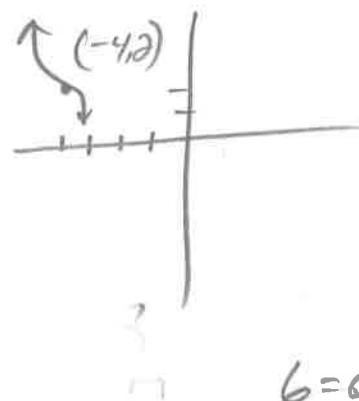
7. Sketch $y = 2^{x-5} - 3$



8. Sketch $y = -2(x+5)^2 - 1$



9. Sketch $y = -(x+4)^3 + 2$

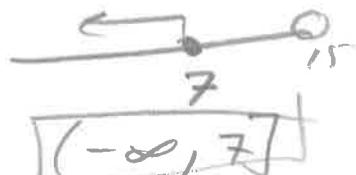


10. Find the domain of

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{7-x}}{x-15}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7-x &\geq 0 \\ -x &\geq -7 \\ x &\leq 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x-15 &\neq 0 \\ x &\neq 15 \end{aligned}$$



11. Sketch $y = \log_2(x+3) - 2$. Find the domain and x-int.

$$0 = \log_2(x+3) - 2$$

$$2 = \log_2(x+3)$$

$$2^2 = x+3$$

$$4 = x+3$$

$$1 = x$$

$$\text{D: } (-3, \infty)$$

12. Given 1 4 5 9 7 10. Find the interquartile range.

REORDER: 1 4 5 7 9 10

$$Q_1 = 4$$

$$Q_3 = 9$$

$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1$$

$$IQR = 9 - 4$$

$$IQR = 5$$

13. Height is normally distributed. If the average man is 68 inches with a standard deviation of 4 inches, what is the probability you randomly choose a man taller than 65 inches?

$$\sigma = 4$$



65, 68
normal $(65, 10^2, 68, 4)$
cdf $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{65-68}{4\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} = 0.7733$

16. Solve

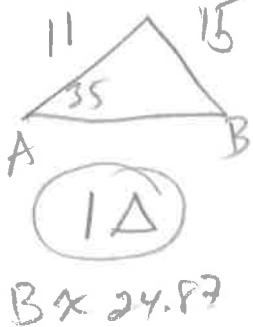
$$\log_7(x+3) + \log_7(x-2) = \log_7(14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_7((x+3)(x-2)) &= \log_7 14 \\ x^2 + x - 6 &= 14 \\ x^2 + x - 20 &= 0 \\ (x+5)(x-4) &= 0 \\ x &\neq -5 \quad x = 4 \end{aligned}$$

19. How many distinct 4 digit ID numbers can be given?

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 \\ \hline & [10000] \end{array}$$

22. How many solutions does $\triangle ABC$ have if $a = 15$, $b = 11$ and angle $A = 35^\circ$



14. Solve

$$\log_2(x-5) + \log_2(x+1) = 3$$

$$\log_2(x-5)(x+1) = 3$$

$$2^3 = x^2 - 4x - 5$$

$$8 = x^2 - 4x - 5$$

$$0 = x^2 - 4x - 13$$

$$x = \frac{-(-4) \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(1)(-13)}}{2(1)}$$

$$\frac{4 + \sqrt{68}}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x = 6.12}$$

15. Height is normally distributed. If the average man is 68 inches with a standard deviation of 4 inches, what is the height of a man representing the 70th percentile?

$$70\% \quad \sigma = 4$$



$$68 \quad \text{inverse}(-7, 68, 4) = 70.1$$

17. Solve $\log_2(2x-3) - \log_2(5) = 4$

$$\log_2 \frac{2x-3}{5} = 4$$

$$2^4 = \frac{2x-3}{5}$$

$$16 = \frac{2x-3}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 80 &= 2x-3 \\ 83 &= 2x \\ \frac{83}{2} &= x \end{aligned}$$

18. What is $f(g(x))$ if

$$f(x) = 5x - 2 \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{1}{7-x}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{7-x}\right) = 5\left(\frac{1}{7-x}\right) - 2$$

$$\frac{5}{7-x} - 2 \cdot \frac{(7-x)}{(7-x)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 - 14 + 2x \\ \hline 7-x \\ \hline -9 + 2x \end{aligned}$$

20. How many different ways can three person committees be selected from 8 people?

$$8C_3 = \boxed{56}$$

21. How many different ways can ways can first, second and third places in a race of 10 people?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 9 & 8 \\ \hline & [720] \end{array}$$

23. Find c if $b = 10$, $a = 8$ and $C = 85^\circ$ in $\triangle ABC$.

$$c^2 = 8^2 + 10^2 - 2(8)(10)\cos 85^\circ$$

$$\boxed{c = 12.25}$$

24. Given $\triangle ABC$, find b when $a = 30$, $A = 32^\circ$ and $C = 18^\circ$

$$\frac{s \cdot 32}{30} = \frac{\sin 130}{b}$$

$$\boxed{b = 43.37}$$